Exhibit A

MAKE CHECKS PAYABLE TO "WESTERN CREDIT"



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JUSTICE COURT COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, STATE OF OREGON

WESTERN CREDIT & COLLECTIO	N SERVICE, INC.	}
	Plaintiff,	
VS.) WRIT OF GARNISHMENT
PATRICIA CORDELL) Case No. <u>S12-310</u>
		Date To Serve: ASAP
	Defenda	nt.
TO: THE METROPOLITAN MUSEU ATTN: HUMAN RESOURCES 1000 FIFTH AVE NEW YORK, NY 10028	UM OF ART	Thurs
PATRICIA CORDELL (who is called the "Creditor"). A judgment was enter		REDIT & COLLECTION SERVICE, INC. (who is called ebt otherwise became subject to garnishment, on
The amount subject to garnis	hment is \$ <u>3,215.76</u> .	
		ou, and all wages that the Debtor earns during the 90-day
All property of the Debt. you.	or (including money) that is in your possession	on, control or custody at the time this writ is delivered to
 All debts that you owe the time you receive this writer 		you, whether or not payment is due on the debt at the
LLOWED BY LAW, WHETHER OR	NOT YOU HOLD ANY OF THE DEBTOR' ULLY ANSWER THIS WRIT, OR YOU DO	IED GARNISHEE RESPONSE WITHIN THE TIME S PROPERTY OR OWE ANYTHING TO THE NOT DELIVER MONEY OR PROPERTY WHEN YOU
If you have questions, you sho cannot give you legal advice.	ould contact an attorney. Court employees c	annot give you legal advice. The Creditor's attorney
	e issued only by the Court Administrator, by garnishments. This writ is issued by (check o	the attorney for the Creditor or by a person who is one):
The Court Administrate	or.	
X The attorney for the Cr	editor.	
Other authorized issuer		
Name and title		
Statutory authority to is	sue writ	

This writ is valid only if it has been delivered to you within 60 days after the date of issuance. If the Court Administrator is issuing this writ, the date of issuance is the date the Court Administrator signs the writ (see "COURT SEAL" below). If this writ is issued by any other person, the date of issuance is the date on which the issuer signs the certification (see "CERTIFICATION" below).

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IMPORTANT ADDRESSES
(See Step 2 of Instructions to Garnishee form)

(Court Administrator)

		(Court Me	immisti acoi j		
	Court of WASHINGTON County				
	address: 3700 SW MURRAY BLVD				
		ty: WASHINGTON			
State: (OR Zip Code: 970				
	Name: PATRICIA CORDELL	(De	ebtor)		
	Telephone number (if known): Street Address: 21679 SW CEDA	D DDOOK WAY 4195			
		e: OR Zip Code: 97	140		
	City: Shekwood State	E OK Zip Code: 97	140		
	Creditor has no knowledge of Del	tor's address		Association of the con-	
	Creditor has no knowledge of Der	tor saduress.		(Remit Funds To)	
		(Garnisho)	r; check one)	(WESTERN CREDIT	
		(0.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.	,		
	Creditor: (Must be filled in if the	Court Administrator issue	s writ)		
	Name: WESTERN CREDIT & C				
	Street address: 8383 NE SANDY	the first of the second of the			
	City: PORTLAND	State: OR	Zip Code:	97220	
X	Attorney for Creditor:				
	Name: KEVIN HARKER				
	Street Address: PO BOX 13038				
	City: PORTLAND	State: OR	Zip Code:	97213	
	Telephone number: 503-255-8210	Oregon State	Bar number: 043066		
	Other authorized issuer of writ:				
	Name				
	Street Address	1211			
	City	State	Zip Code		
	Telephone number				
	4	CEDTIC	CATION.		
		CERTIF	ICATION		
/TL - 6-1		but the Condition is this main	to tanned but the Count Ad	Indicates and I all ashes are the fallows	
	nowing certification must be signed attion must be signed by the person is		is issued by the Court Ad	lministrator. In all other cases, the followi	nş
certifica	ition must be signed by the person is	suing the writ.)			
	I cartify that I have read this writ	of garnishment and to the	hest of my knowledge inf	ormation and belief, there is good ground	to
cunnart	issuance of the writ, and the amoun				10
support	issuance of the witt, and the amoun	t indicated as subject to ga	intomicate is tawfully aut	ject to conceiton by tims with	
LIBERR	WHI II A DIVED			10-29-18	
	IN HARKER				
Signatu	re KEVIN HARKER		1	Date	
0420					
043066	5:				
	State Bar No. (if attorney)	A.			
I certify	y this is a true copy of the origin	81.			
	10				
	1/				
KEVIN	HARKER				

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JUSTICE COURT COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, STATE OF OREGON

WESTER	N CREDIT & COLLECTION SERVICE, INC.		
		Plaintiff,	
vs			WRIT OF GARNISHMENT
PATRICIA	CORDELL	į	Case No. <u>S12-310</u>
			Date To Serve: ASAP
		Defendant.)	
TO THE	METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART		
ATTN	: HUMAN RESOURCES		
(7)(7)(7)(7)	YORK, NY 10028		
		VOUNEED TO KNOW THE E	OV LOWING.
PATRICIA the "Credit	ou are now a Garnishee, AS A GARNISHEE CORDELL (who is called the "Debtor") ow tor"). A judgment was entered against the Do 06, 2012. The Debtor's employer identificati	es money to WESTERN CREDIT	& COLLECTION SERVICE, INC. (who is called erwise became subject to garnishment, on
T	he amount subject to garnishment is \$3,2	<u>15.76</u> .	
T .	his writ garnishes <u>all</u> of the following: Wages that you owe the Debtor at the time period following the date on which you re		all wages that the Debtor earns during the 90-day
	All property of the Debtor (including mon you.	ey) that is in your possession, cont	rol or custody at the time this writ is delivered to
•	All debts that you owe the Debtor at the ti time you receive this writ.	me this writ is delivered to you, w	hether or not payment is due on the debt at the
			ARNISHEE RESPONSE WITHIN THE TIME
EBTOR. IF	BY LAW, WHETHER OR NOT YOU HOLD YOU DO NOT TRUTHFULLY ANSWER RED TO DO SO, YOU WILL BE LIABLE T	THIS WRIT, OR YOU DO NOT	PERTY OR OWE ANYTHING TO THE DELIVER MONEY OR PROPERTY WHEN YOU
	you have questions, you should contact an at you legal advice.	torney. Court employees cannot g	ive you legal advice. The Creditor's attorney
	writ of garnishment may be issued only by th authorized by law to issue garnishments. Th		orney for the Creditor or by a person who is
	The Court Administrator.		
x	The attorney for the Creditor.		
	Other authorized issuer:		
	Name and title		
	Statutory authority to issue writ		

This writ is valid only if it has been delivered to you within 60 days after the date of issuance. If the Court Administrator is issuing this writ, the date of issuance is the date the Court Administrator signs the writ (see "COURT SEAL" below). If this writ is issued by any other person, the date of issuance is the date on which the issuer signs the certification (see "CERTIFICATION" below).

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IMPORTANT ADDRESSES
(See Step 2 of Instructions to Garnishee form)

(Court Administrator)

	Court of WASHINGTON County address: 3700 SW MURRAY BLVD #1	150	
(A) (B) (A) (A) (A)		: WASHINGTON	
State: (프레이트 (1985년 - 1985년 - 1		
	Name: PATRICIA CORDELL	(Debtor)	
	Telephone number (if known):		
	Street Address: 21679 SW CEDAR	BROOK WAY #185	
	City: SHERWOOD State:	OR Zip Code: 97140	
	Creditor has no knowledge of Debto	r's address.	(D - 1 D - 1 D)
			(Remit Funds To) (WESTERN CREDIT
		(Garnishor; check	one) (WESTERN CREDIT
	Creditor: (Must be filled in if the Co Name: WESTERN CREDIT & COI Street address: 8383 NE SANDY BL	LECTION SERVICE, INC. VD #220	
	City: PORTLAND	State: OR	Zip Code: 97220
X	Attorney for Creditor:		
	Name: KEVIN HARKER		
	Street Address: PO BOX 13038	20.022	and the second second
	City: PORTLAND Telephone number: 503-255-8210	State: OR Oregon State Bar nu	Zip Code: 97213
	Telephone number: 505-255-8210	Oregon State Dar nu	mber; 043000
	Other authorized issuer of writ:		
	Street Address		
	Telephone number	State Z	p Code
		CERTIFICATION	ON
support			my knowledge, information and belief, there is good ground to ent is lawfully subject to collection by this writ.
			10-29-18
	/IN HARKER	*	Date
Signatui	re KEVIN HARKER		Date
	State Bar No. (if attorney) y this is a true copy of the original.		····
			, ho
KEVIN	HARKER	collections of the	Richard 7 Richard 7 Roll Mike 10
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()	Challe Willed	Cyacan -	10ll 111 A:30
	call payroll able: down pay	-	40
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	1:13 pm		4 9

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INSTRUCTIONS TO GARNISHEE

Except as specifically provided in these instructions, you must complete and deliver the Garnishee Response within seven calendar days after you receive the writ of garnishment. If the writ does not comply with Oregon law, the writ is not effective to garnish any property of the Debtor, but you still must complete and deliver the Garnishee Response. You must complete and deliver the response even though you cannot determine from the writ whether you hold any property or owe any debt to the Debtor. If the seventh calendar day is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, you must deliver your response on or before the next following day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

The writ is not effective, and you need not make a Garnishee Response, if:

- * You do not receive the writ within 60 days after the date of issuance shown on the face of the writ.
- * You do not receive an original writ of garnishment or a copy of the writ.

Statutes that may affect your rights and duties under the writ can be found in ORS 18.600 to ORS 18.850.

NOTE: The Garnishor may be the Creditor, the attorney for the Creditor or some other person who is authorized by law to issue the writ of garnishment. See the writ to determine who the Garnishor is.

STEP 1. FILL OUT THE GARNISHEE RESPONSE.

All garnishees who are required to deliver a garnishee response must fill in Part I of the Garnishee Response. Garnishees who employ the Debtor must also fill in Part II of the response. You should keep a copy of the response for your records.

Completing Part I of the Garnishee Response. If you discover before you deliver your response that a bankruptcy petition has been filed by or on behalf of the Debtor, and the bankruptcy petition was filed after a judgment was entered against the Debtor or after the debt otherwise became subject to garnishment (see the date specified in the writ), you must put a check by the appropriate statement in Part I. If a bankruptcy petition has been filed, you should not make any payments to the Garnishor unless the court orders otherwise. You need not complete any other part of the response, but you still must sign the response and deliver it in the manner described in Step-2 of these instructions.

In all other cases you must list in Part I all money and personal property of the Debtor that is in your possession, control or custody at the time of delivery of the writ. You must also list all debts that you owe to the Debtor, whether or not those debts are currently due (e.g., money loaned to you by the Debtor that is to be repaid at a later time).

If you are the employer of the Debtor at the time the writ is delivered to you, you must put a check by the appropriate statement in Part I. In addition, you must complete Part II of the response.

If you believe that you may hold property of the Debtor or that you owe a debt to the Debtor, but you are not sure, you must put a check by the appropriate statement and provide an explanation. When you find out what property you hold that belongs to the Debtor, or you find out whether you owe money to the Debtor and how much, you must prepare and deliver an amended response. You must do this even if you find out that you have no property of the Debtor or that you do not owe anything to the Debtor.

If you determine that the writ, on its face, does not comply with Oregon laws governing writs of garnishment, or if you are unable to determine the identity of the Debtor from the information in the writ, then the writ is not effective to garnish any property of the Debtor. You must put a check by the appropriate statement in Part I and provide an explanation. You still must complete the response and deliver the response in the manner described in Step 2 of these instructions.

If you have received an order to withhold income that applies to the income of the Debtor and that order has priority over the garnishment, and if compliance with the order will reduce or eliminate the money or property that you would otherwise deliver under the garnishment, you must put a check by the appropriate statement in Part I. You still must fill out the remainder of the response and deliver the response in the manner described in Step 2 of these instructions. If you employ the Debtor, yon still must complete Part II of the response.

If you receive notice of a challenge to the garnishment before you send your response, you must complete and deliver your response as otherwise required by these instructions. However, see Step 3 of these instructions regarding payment of money or delivery of property after receipt of notice of a challenge to the garnishment.

If you owe a debt to the Debtor and the Debtor owes a debt to the holder of an Underlying lien on your property, you may be able to offset the amount payable to the underlying lien holder: See ORS 18.620. You must note that you have made the offset in Part I of the response (under "Other") and specify the amount that was offset.

Completing Part II of the Garnishee Response (employers only). You must fill in Part I of the response if you employ the Debtor on the date the writ of garnishment is delivered to) you, or if you previously employed the Debtor and still owe wages to the Debtor on the date the writ is delivered to you.

Wages affected. The writ garnishes all wages that you owe to the Debtor for work performed before the date you received the writ, even though the wages will not be paid until a later date. The writ also garnishes all wages that are attributable to services, performed during the 90-day period following the date you received the writ, even though you would not pay the Debtor for all or part of those services until after the end of the 90-day period. Wages subject to garnishment under the writ include all amounts paid by you as an employer, whether on an hourly, weekly or monthly basis, and include commission payments and bonuses.

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Example 1: Debtor A is employed by you and is paid a monthly salary on the first day of each month. You receive a writ of garnishment on July 17. The writ garnishes all wages that you owe to Debtor A for work performed on or before July.17. If Debtor A was paid on July 1 for services performed in the month of June, the writ garnishes Debtor's salary for the period beginning July 1 and ending October 15 (90 days after receipt of the writ).

<u>Calculation of wages subject to garnishment.</u> A Wage Exemption Calculation form is attached to the writ of garnishment. You must use this form to calculate the amount of the Debtor's wages that is subject to garnishment. You should read the instructions printed on the Wage Exemption Calculation form to determine the normal wage exemption and the minimum wage exemption for each payment you make under the writ.

A Wage Exemption Calculation form must be sent with the first payment you make under the writ. For the 90-day period during which the writ is effective, you must also fill out and return a Wage Exemption Calculation form with a subsequent payment any time the initial calculation changes. Finally, you must fill out and return a Wage Exemption Calculation form with the final payment that you make under the writ.

Payment of amount subject to garnishment. Payments under the writ must be made at the following times, unless the amount owing on the judgment or other debt is fully paid before the final payment is made or the writ is released:

(a) You must make a payment to the Garnishor of all wages subject to garnishment at the time you next pay wages to the Debtor. Complete the wage exemption computation, using the Wage Exemption Calculation form, to determine the portion of the Debtor's wages that is subject to garnishment. Be sure to adjust the minimum exemption amount for any payment that covers less than a full pay period. You must include a copy of the Wage Exemption Calculation form with this first payment.

Example 2: Using the facts given in Example 1, when you next make any payment of wages to Debtor A after you receive the writ on July 17, you must complete the Wage Exemption Calculation form and send the form to the Garnishor along with all amounts determined to be subject to garnishment that are attributable to the period covered by the payment. If you pay Debtor A on August 1, the payment will be for all wages attributable to the period beginning July 1 and ending July 31.

(b) Unless the writ of garnishment is satisfied or released during the 90-day period following the date you received the writ, you must pay to the Garnishor all wages that are determined to be subject to garnishment whenever you issue a paycheck to the Debtor. If the Debtor is paid on a weekly basis, you must make payment under the writ on a weekly basis. If the Debtor is paid on a monthly basis, you must make payment under the writ on a monthly basis. If the amount paid to the Debtor varies from paycheck to paycheck, or changes at any time from the amount being paid at the time the writ was delivered to you, you must perform a new wage exemption computation to determine the amount of wages subject to garnishment under the writ. You must send a copy of the new Wage Exemption Calculation form with your payment to the Garnishor.

Example 3: Using the facts given above, as you make each subsequent payment of wages to Debtor A you must make a payment of that portion of the Debtor's wages that are subject to garnishment. If you continue to pay Debtor A on the first of each month, payments must be made on September 1 and October 1.

(c) Upon the expiration of the 90-day period, you must make a final payment to the Garnishor for all wages that were owing to the Debtor for the work performed by the Debtor through the 90th day following your receipt of the writ. This payment may be made at the time of the Debtor's next paycheck. You will need to complete another Wage Exemption Calculation form to determine the amount of the wages subject to garnishment.

Example 4: Using the facts given above, you must make a final payment for the wages owing to Debtor A for the period beginning October 1 and ending October 15. You may make this payment at the time you issue Debtor's paycheck on November 1, but you must make the payment at any time you issue a paycheck to Debtor A after October 15. Be sure that in completing the wage exemption computation for the final payment you adjust the minimum exemption amount to take into account the fact that the period covered is only 15 days of the full month (see instructions on Wage Exemption Calculation form).

Processing fee. You may collect a \$2 processing fee for each week of wages, or fraction of a week of wages, for which a payment is made under the writ. The fee must be collected after you make the last payment under the writ. The fee must be withheld from the wages of the debtor, and is in addition to the amounts withheld for payment to the garnishor under the writ or under any other writ you have received.

If you receive more than one writ of garnishment. If you receive a second writ of garnishment for the same Debtor from another Garnishor, the first writ will have priority for wages. The priority of the first writ lasts for the 90-day period following delivery of that writ to you, or until the first writ is paid in full, whichever comes first. In your response to the second writ, you must put a check by the appropriate statement in Part II and indicate the date on which the first writ will expire (90 days after the date you received the writ). You should make no payments under the second writ until expiration of the first writ. The expiration date of the second writ is 90 days after the date you received the second writ; the expiration date is not affected by any delay in payment attributable to the priority of the first writ.

STEP 2. DELIVER THE GARNISHEE RESPONSE.

You must deliver your Garnishee Response and copies of the response in the manner provided in this step. The response and copies may be mailed or delivered personally.

You must complete and deliver the Garnishee Response within seven calendar days after you receive the writ of garnishment. If the seventh calendar day is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, you must deliver your response on or before the next following day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

If you are required to hold any property under the writ or make any payment under the writ, either at the time of making your response or later, you must:

- (a) Send the original of your Garnishee Response to the Garnishor at the address indicated on the writ under Important Addresses.
- (b) Send a copy of your Garnishee Response to the Court Administrator at the address indicated on the writ under Important Addresses.
- (c) Send a copy of your Garnishee Response to the Debtor if an address is indicated oh the writ under Important Addresses.

If you are <u>not</u> required to hold any property under the writ or make any payment under the writ, either at the time of making your response or later, you must:

- (a) Send the original of your Garnishee Response to the Garnishor at the address indicated on the writ under Important Addresses.
- (b) Send a copy of your Garnishee Response to the Debtor if an address is indicated on the writ under Important Addresses.

STEP 3. DELIVER THE FUNDS OR OTHER PROPERTY.

As long as the writ is in effect, you may be liable to the Creditor if you pay any debt or turn over any property to the Debtor except as specifically allowed by law. If you have any money or property of the Debtor in your possession, control or custody at the time of delivery of the writ, or owe any debt to the Debtor, you must pay the money or hold the property as required by this step. Exceptions to this requirement are listed below.

IF YOU ARE HOLDING MONEY FOR THE DEBTOR OR OWE A DEBT THAT IS CURRENTLY DUE, you must pay
the money to the Garnishor with your response. You must send your payment to the Garnishor at the address indicated on the writ under
Important Addresses, Make your check payable to the Garnishor.

IF YOU OWE A DEBT TO THE DEBTOR THAT WILL BECOME DUE WITHIN 45 DAYS AFTER THE DATE YOU RECEIVED THE WRIT, you must send your payment directly to the Garnishor at the address provided in the writ when the debt becomes due. Make your check payable to the Garnishor.

IF YOU ARE HOLDING PROPERTY THAT BELONGS TO THE DEBTOR, OR OWE A DEBT TO THE DEBTOR THAT WILL NOT BECOME DUE WITHIN 45 DAYS AFTER THE DATE YOU RECEIVED THE WRIT, you must keep the property or debt in your possession, control or custody until you receive written notice from the Sheriff. The Sheriff's notice will tell you what to do with the property or debt. If you have followed all of the instructions in the writ and you receive no notice from the Sheriff within 30 days after the date on which you delivered your Garnishee Response, you may treat the writ as being of no further force or effect.

EXCEPTIONS:

1. Challenge to garnishment or specific directions from court. If you are making any payments under the garnishment and before making a payment you receive notice of a challenge to the garnishment from the court, or receive a specific direction from the court to make payments to the court, you must send or deliver the payment directly to the Court Administrator. If the money is currently due when you receive the notice, send the payment promptly to the court. If the payment is for a debt that is payable within 45 days after you receive the writ, make the payment to the court promptly when it becomes due. If you make payment by check, make the check payable to the State of Oregon. Because you may be liable for any payment that does not reach the court, it is better not to send cash by mail.

A challenge to the garnishment does not affect your duty to follow the instructions you receive from the Sheriff for property that belongs to the Debtor and debts that you owe to the Debtor that do not become due within 45 days.

- 2. Previous writ of garnishment. If you receive a second writ of garnishment for the same Debtor from another Garnishor, the first writ will have priority and you need not make payments or deliver property under the second writ to the extent that compliance with the first writ will reduce or eliminate the payment of money or delivery of property that you would otherwise make under the garnishment. You must still deliver a Garnishee Response to the second writ, and must commence payment under the second writ as soon as the first writ is satisfied or expires.
- 3. Offset for payment of underlying lien, If you owe a debt to the Debtor and the Debtor owes a debt to the holder of an underlying lien on your property, you may be able to offset the amount payable to the underlying lienholder. See ORS 18.620.

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4. Subsequent events:

- (a) Bankruptcy. If you make your response and then discover that a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy petition has been filed by or on behalf of the Debtor after the judgment was entered against the Debtor or after the debt otherwise became subject to garnishment (see date in writ), you may not make any further payments or delivery of property under the writ unless the court orders otherwise. If you have not delivered all property that is subject to garnishment under this writ when you discover that a bankruptcy petition has been filed, you must mail the following notice to the Garnishor and to the Debtor.
- (b) Order to withhold income. If you make your response and then receive an order to withhold income that has priority over the writ, you may make payments or deliver property under the writ only after payment of the amounts required under the order to withhold income. If you have not delivered all property that is subject to garnishment under this writ when you receive an order to withhold income that has priority, you must mail the following notice to the Garnishor and to the Debtor

SUPPLEMENTAL GARNISHEE RESPONSE	
TO: The Garnishor and the Debtor	
Re: Writ of garnishment delivered,(date), in the case of	
WESTERN CREDIT & COLLECTION SERVICE, INC. (Plaintiff) vs.	
PATRICIA CORDELL(Defendant), JUSTICE Court of WASHINGTON County, Oregon, Case No S12-310	
The undersigned garnishee furnished a garnishee response to this garnishment,,	(date).
I have discovered that a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy petition has been filed by or on behalf of the De was entered against the Debtor or after the debt otherwise became subject to garnishment.	btor after the judgment
I have received an order to withhold income of the Debtor by reason of a support obligation. Under OR withhold income has priority over any other legal process under Oregon law against the same income. The pursuant to the order to withhold income might reduce or eliminate subsequent payments under the garnish including the name of the agency serving the order to withhold, the date the order was served on you withheld.)	withholding of income ment. (Provide details,
Dated:,	
THE METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART Name of Garnishee	
Signature	
ATTN: HUMAN RESOURCES 1000 FIFTH AVE	
NEW YORK, NY 10028	
Address	

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Unless a Notice of Right to Garnish Federal Benefits from the United States Government or from a state child support enforcement agency is attached to or included in the garnishment, you must conduct a garnishment account review for each account that you hold for the debtor. If a Notice of Right to Garnish Federal Benefits from the United States Government or from a state child support enforcement agency is attached to or included in the garnishment, you should not conduct a garnishment account review, and should proceed upon the garnishment in the normal manner.

If you hold an account for the debtor and any of the payments listed below has been deposited in the account by direct deposit or electronic payment during the lookback period described in ORS 18.619 (2) (the period that begins on the date preceding the date of your garnishment account review and that ends on the corresponding date of the month two months earlier, or on the last day of the month two months earlier if the corresponding date does not exist), an amount equal to the lesser of the sum of those payments or the total balance in the debtor's account is not subject to garnishment, and you may not deliver that amount to the garnishor:

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- (a) Federal benefit payments as defined in ORS 18.600 (payments from the United States Social Security Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the United States office of Personnel Management or the Railroad Retirement Board):
- (b) Payments from a public or private retirement plan as defined in ORS 18.358;
- (c) Public assistance payments from the State of Oregon or an agency of the State of Oregon;
- (d) Unemployment compensation payments from the State of Oregon or an agency of the State of Oregon;
- (e) Black lung benefits payments from the United State Department of Labor; and
- (f) Worker's compensation payments from a worker's compensation carrier.

If the Garnishor fails to pay the search fee required by ORS 18.790 and you do not employ the Debtor, you are not required to deliver a Garnishee Response and you may deal with any property of the Debtor as though the garnishment had not been issued.

If the Debtor owes a debt to you that was due at the time you received the writ of garnishment, you may be able to offset the amount of that debt. See ORS 18.795. You must note that you have made the offset in Part I of the Garnishee Response (under "Other") and specify the amount that was offset.

Before making a payment under the writ, you may first deduct any processing fee that you are allowed under ORS 18.790. If you are required to conduct a garnishment account review, you may not charge or collect a garnishment processing fee against any amount that is not subject to garnishment, and may not charge or collect a garnishment processing fee against any amount in the account after the date that you conduct the review.

You need not deliver any property contained in a safe deposit box unless the Garnishor Pays you in advance for the costs that will be incurred in gaining entry to the box. See ORS 18.792.

If you are required to conduct a garnishment account review and you determine from the review that one or more of the payments listed in ORS 18.619 (3) have been deposited into the debtor's account by direct deposit or electronic payment during the lookback period described in ORS 18.619 (2), and that there is a positive balance in the account, you must issue a notice to the account holder in substantially the form set forth in section 10 of this 2011 Act. The notice must be issued directly to the account holder or to a fiduciary who administers the account and receives communications on behalf of the account holder. The notice must be sent separately to the account holder and may not be included with other materials being provided to the account holder that do not relate to the garnishment. You must send the notice to the account holder within three business days after you complete the garnishment account review. You may issue one notice with information related to multiple accounts of a single account holder.

		(Name, add	dress of financial institution	on)
		and the second	NT INFORMATION ABO YOUR ACCOUNT	DUT
Date:				
Notice to:				
Account Number:			54	
Why am I receiving th	is notice?			
	order from a court t	garnish funds in		[name of financial institution] of the garnishment order was for know what we have done in response to the
What is garnlshment?				
have not paid. In other	words, if you owe m	oney to a person of		bank/credit union account to satisfy a debt that you a court order directing your bank/credit union to money in your account.
What has happened to	my account?			
				- 14 - 20 - 15 - 20 - 15 - 20 - 15 - 20 - 15 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 2
protected from garnishi	posited in the last tweenent. As required by	state and federal	ow for a list of qualifying pa regulations, therefore, we h	ified that one or more payments identified by ORS ayments). In most cases, these payments are ave established a "protected amount" of funds that response to the garnishment order.
(Conditional paragrap	h if funds have been	frozen)		
law, we have placed a h to your creditor as direct	old on or removed t	hese funds in the		not be protected from garnishment. As required by unt frozen] and may have to turn these funds over
The chart below summa	arizes this information	on about your acco	ount(s):	
ACCOUNT SUMMA	RY AS OF	[DATE (OF ACCOUNT REVIEW	Ī
Account Number	Amount in Account	Amount Protected	Amount Subject to garnishment (now frozen/ removed)	Garnishment fee charged
	1			
(If the accoun	nt holder has multipl	e accounts, use a s	separate row for each account	nt)
	at these amount(s) n		deposits or withdrawals aft	er the protected amount was calculated on
Do I need to do anythin	g to access my prote	ected funds?		
You may use the protect the protected amount is		y in your account	as you normally would. The	ere is nothing else you need to do to make sure that
Who garnished my ac	count?			
The creditor w	vho obtained a garni	shment order again	nst you is	(name of creditor).

What types of benefit payments are protected from garnishment?

In most cases, you have protections from garnishment if the funds in your account include one or more of the following payments:

- Social Security benefits
- * Supplemental Security Income benefits
- * Veterans' benefits

account, you may contact us at

- Railroad Unemployment Insurance benefits
- * Civil Service Retirement System benefits
- * Federal Employees Retirement System benefits
- Payments from a public or private retirement plan as defined in ORS 18.358
- Public assistance payments from the State of Oregon or an agency of the State of Oregon
- * Unemployment compensation payments from the State of Oregon or an agency of the State of Oregon
- Black lung benefits payments from the United State Department of Labor
- * Workers' compensation payments from a workers' compensation carrier

What should I do if I think that additional funds in my account are from protected benefit Payments?

If you believe that funds in your account(s) should not have been frozen or removed, There are several things you can do:

(telephone number of financial institution).

WESTERN CREDIT & COLLE	CTION SERVICE, INC.)		
		dig	3		
		Plaintiff,) GAR	NISHEE RESPONSE	
	vs.) Case	No. S12-310	
PATRICIA CORDELL	101)		
)		
		- a.	3		
		Defendant.			
The writ of garnishment was deliv	vered to me on the		day of		-
The following responses are accu	rate and complete as of th	nat date.			
Place a check in front of all the formula of the following of the following of the following of the following became subject to response and deliver it in the	untary or involuntary ban ne writ as the date on whi o garnishment. (You need	pply. You may need to o kruptcy petition has bee ch the judgment was ent not complete any other	check more than on en filed by or on bel ered against the De part of this respons	half of the Debtor after the ebtor or after the debt se, but you must sign the	e
I do not employ the Debtor, not owe any debts or other of			ly any personal pro	perty of the Debtor, and I	do
I employ the Debtor. (You r	nust complete Part II of the	his response.)			
I have in my possession, con obligation to the Debtor (oth of it to satisfy the garnishme	ner than wages) that is du	ble money that belongs to e as of the time of this re	o the Debtor (other esponse. I am forwa	than wages), or I owe a carding this money, or eno	debt or other ugh

JUSTICE COURT COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, STATE OF OREGON

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I owe a debt or other obligation to the Debtor (other than wages) that was not due as of the time of this response but will become due within 45 days after the writ was delivered to me. I will forward the money, or enough of it to satisfy the garnishment, to the Gamishov when the debt or other obligation becomes due.
I owe the following debt or other obligation to the Debtor (other than wages) that will not become due within 45 days after the date that the writ was delivered to me. I will not make any payments on the debt or obligation until I receive instructions from the Sheriff or until 30 days have passed from the date on which I deliver this response. (See Instructions to Garnishee form.)
I have in my possession, control or custody the following personal property (other than money) that belongs to the Debtor. I will hold all of the property for the Gamishor until I receive instructions from the Sheriff or until 30 days have passed from the date on which is deliver this response. (See Instructions to Garnishee form.)
I may owe money to or hold property of the Debtor, but I am not sure what or how much it might be. (You must provide an explanation in the following space and you must deliver an amended response when you find out. You must deliver an amended response even if you find out that you have no property of the Debtor or owe no money to the Debtor.)
(FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ONLY) We hold one or more accounts for the Debtor, of which \$ is not subject to garnishment under ORS 18.252 to 18.993. We are forwarding all other garnishable amounts, or enough of it to satisfy the garnishment, to the Garnishor.
The writ of garnishment delivered to me, on its face, does not comply with the Oregon laws governing writs of garnishment, or I cannot determine the identity of the Debtor from the information in the writ. (You must provide an explanation in the following space.)
I have received an order to withhold income that applies to the income of the Debtor. The order to withhold income has priority over the writ of garnishment, and compliance with the order, will reduce or eliminate the money that I would otherwise deliver under the writ. (Provide details, including the name of the agency serving the order to withhold income, the date the order was served on you and the amount to be withheld. If you employ the Debtor, you must still complete Part II of this response.)
ne see see see see see see see see see s
I have received notice of a challenge to the garnishment. I will deliver to the Court Administrator all money that I would otherwise deliver to the Garnishor. (See Step 3 of Instructions to Garnishee form.)
Other (Explain)

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PART II: DEBTOR'S EMPLOYER (GARNISHEES WHO EMPLOY THE DEBTOR MUST FILL OUT THIS PORTION OF THE RESPONSE)

Place a check in front of all the following statements that apply. You may need to check more than one statement.

I employ the Debtor. The Debtor is paid on a	da	pasis (insert "weekly'	, "monthly" or other pay period).
I will complete a Wage Exemption Calculation form for endingering the date that the writ of garnishment was deliver payday immediately following the end of the 90-day periodal calculated to be subject to garnishment, or enough of those was a subject to garnishment.	ach payment of wago ed to me. I will also d. I will forward to t	es that is made during complete a Wage Ex the Garnishor on each	temption Calculation form for the
I had already received a writ of garnishment from another G the previous writ has priority. The previous writ will terminate			
I hereby certify that I have fully and accurately completed thi	s garnishee response.		
Dated:			
THE METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART Name of Garnishee			
Telephone number			
Fax number (if available)			w.
Signature			
ATTN: HUMAN RESOURCES 1000 FIFTH AVE			
NEW YORK, NY 10028 Address			

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WAGE EXEMPTION CALCULATION

(to be filled out by employers only)

	or's gross wages for period covered by this payment	\$
	amount required to be withheld by law for amount [(Federal and state withholding, Social Security, etc.)	\$
	or's disposable wages (Subtract Line 2 from Line 1)	\$
4. Norm	al exemption. (Enter 75 percent of Line 3)	\$
5. Minin	num exemption:	
	\$218.00 (payment of wages weekly)	
1	\$435.00 (payment of wages every two weeks)	
	\$468.00 (payment of wages half-monthly)	
1	\$936.00 (payment of wages monthly)	
	\$(Any other period longer than one by number of weeks or fraction of a week.	week, including partial payments for less than full pay period): Multiply \$218.00
6. Wage	s exempt from garnishment (Line 4 or 5, whichever is greater)	\$
7. None:	xempt wages (Subtract Line 6 from Line 3)	\$
8. Amou	ant withheld for this pay period pursuant to a support order	
under su	apport withholding process or under writ with priority	\$
9. Wage	es subject to garnishment (Subtract Line 8 from Line 7)	S

INSTRUCTIONS FOR WAGE EXEMPTION CALCULATION FORM

If you employ the Debtor named in the writ of garnishment, you must fill out and return this Wage Exemption Calculation form. A Wage Exemption Calculation form must be sent with the first payment you make under the writ. For the 90-day period during which the writ is effective, you must also fill out and return a Wage Exemption Calculation form with a subsequent payment any time the initial calculation Changes. Finally, you must fill out and return a Wage Exemption Calculation form with the final payment that you make under the writ.

Normal wage exemption. The wage exemption calculation is based on the amount of the payment you make under the writ of garnishment. The normal wage exemption in Line 4 is 75 percent of the employee's disposable wages in Line 3.

Minimum wage exemption. The minimum exemption in Line 5 is also based on the amount of the payment you are making. The minimum exemption is designed to ensure that an employee receives at least a certain minimum amount in any one-week period. If the payment is for a one-week period (without regard to whether the period is a calendar week or any other seven-day period), the minimum exemption is \$218.00. The minimum exemption is \$435.00 if the payment is for a two-week period. If the payment is for one-half of one month (i.e., the Debtor is paid twice each month), the minimum exemption is \$468.00. The minimum exemption for a monthly payment is \$936.00.

If the payment you are making is based on some period of time other than one week, two weeks, half month or month, and the payment is for more than one week, you must calculate the minimum exemption by multiplying \$218.00 by the number of weeks covered by the paycheck, including any fraction of a week. You should round the amount calculated to the nearest dollar.

Example 1: You pay Debtor A every 10 days. Each 10-day period is equal to 1.429 weeks (10 divided by 7). The minimum exemption is \$312.00 (\$218.00 x 1.429 rounded to the nearest dollar).

You <u>must</u> use this same calculation for computing the minimum exemption when making a payment for less than a full pay period (e.g., for the final payment at the end of the 90-day period covered by the writ).

Example 2: You pay Debtor A on a monthly basis. You are required to make a final payment under a writ of garnishment for the wages owing to Debtor A for the period beginning October 1 and ending October 15. This period is equal to 2.143 weeks (15 divided by 7). The minimum exemption is \$467.00 (\$218.00 x 2.143 rounded to the nearest dollar).

The amount of time actually worked by the Debtor during the period covered by the paycheck does not affect the calculation of the minimum exemption.

Example 3: You pay Debtor A on a weekly basis. Debtor A works two days per week. The minimum exemption is \$218.00 for each weekly payment you make for Debtor A.

If the payment you are making is based on a period of time less than one week, the minimum wage exemption may not exceed \$218.00 for any one-week period.

If you receive more than one writ of garnishment for the same debtor, the writs have priority based on the date on which you receive them. If the full amount of wages subject to garnishment for a given pay period is paid on the first writ, you should not make any payment on subsequently received writs until the first writ expires. In some cases, it may be necessary to make payments on two or more writs for the same pay period.

Example 4: You have received two writs of garnishment for Debtor A. You pay Debtor A on a monthly basis. The first writ expires on October 16. The second writ will not expire until November 15. You will need to prepare two wage exemption calculation forms for Debtor A's October wages and make payments under both writs. The wage exemption calculation form for the first writ will be for the wages attributable to October 1 to October 15 as described in Example 2. The wage exemption calculation form for the second writ will be for all wages for the month of October, but the amounts withheld under the first writ must be subtracted on Line 8 to determine the October wages subject to garnishment under the second writ.